

Unit 8 · Epic Engineering · 8A China's Grand Canal

Word Study Guide · 20 Words

단어 · 품사 · 우리말 뜻 · 영영 뜻 · 외운 단어는 □에 체크하세요

Word	품사	뜻	English Definition	✓
1 acquire	v.	습득하다, 얻다	To buy, obtain, or get something for oneself.	☐
2 citizen	n.	시민, 국민	A legally recognized subject or national of a state or commonwealth.	☐
3 demolish	v.	파괴하다, 철거하다	To pull down or completely destroy a building or structure.	☐
4 former	adj.	이전의, 전임의	Having previously filled a particular role or position.	☐
5 monument	n.	기념물, 동상	A statue, building, or other structure erected to commemorate a notable person or event.	☐
6 proposal	n.	제안, 신청	A plan or suggestion, especially a formal or written one, put forward for consideration.	☐
7 regional	adj.	지방의, 지역의	Relating to or characteristic of a particular region or area.	☐
8 renovation	n.	개보수, 수리	The action of renovating a building or structure to restore it to a good state.	☐
9 repair	v. / n.	수리하다 / 수리	To restore something damaged, faulty, or worn to a good condition.	☐
10 transport	v. / n.	수송하다 / 수송	To take or carry goods or people from one place to another by vehicle, aircraft, or ship.	☐
11 deteriorate	v.	악화되다, 저하되다	To become progressively worse in condition or quality.	☐
12 conduit	n.	전달 재[수단], 도관	A channel or pipe for conveying water or other fluid, or a means of transmitting something.	☐
13 trademark	n.	특징, 상표	A distinctive characteristic or feature that identifies a person, place, or thing.	☐
14 beautify	v.	아름답게 하다, 가꾸다	To improve the appearance of someone or something; make beautiful.	☐
15 grant	v.	승인하다, 부여하다	To agree to give or allow something requested to someone.	☐
16 accomplishment	n.	업적, 성취	Something that has been achieved successfully.	☐
17 lifeline	n.	생명선, 구원박줄	A thing on which one relies or that is essential for the continued existence or success of something.	☐
18 extent	n.	정도, 범위	The area or length over which something extends; the degree or severity.	☐
19 inspection	n.	점검, 순시	Careful examination or scrutiny of something.	☐
20 supervisor	n.	감독관, 관리자	A person who directs and oversees the work or performance of others.	☐

Unit 8 · Epic Engineering · 8A China's Grand Canal

Vocabulary Test 1

총 19문항 · A 뜻 연결 · B 문장 완성 · C 동의어/반의어 · D 단어 쓰기

이름

날짜

점수

/ 19

A Definition Matching · 영영 뜻 연결

왼쪽 단어에 알맞은 영어 뜻을 오른쪽에서 골라 괄호 안에 기호를 쓰시오.

- | | | |
|------------------|--------------------------|---|
| 1 demolish | ☐ | A A plan or suggestion put forward for formal consideration |
| 2 proposal | ☐ | B To completely destroy or pull down a structure |
| 3 former | ☐ | C Something achieved successfully through hard work |
| 4 accomplishment | ☐ | D Having previously held a particular role or position |
| 5 deteriorate | ☐ | E To become progressively worse in quality or condition |

B Contextual Sentence Completion · 문장 완성

보기에서 알맞은 단어를 골라 빈칸을 완성하십시오. (필요하면 형태를 바꾸시오.)

Word Bank

granted

renovate

transport

regional

citizens

- Barges on the Grand Canal carry coal and food to _____ markets across north China.
- The government plans to _____ the historic docks along the waterway.
- In 2014, UNESCO officially _____ World Heritage status to the Grand Canal.
- Thousands of local _____ submitted a petition to protect ancient canal-side buildings.
- Large cargo ships are used to _____ industrial materials between major cities.

C Synonym Identification · 동의어 · 반의어

대문자로 쓰인 단어와 뜻이 가장 가까운 것을 고르시오.

- Zhou Xinhua is the FORMER vice director of the Grand Canal museum.
(A) future (B) current (C) assistant (D) previous
- According to legend, Beijing ACQUIRED Peking duck via the canal system.
(A) obtained (B) lost (C) destroyed (D) created
- Workers had to REPAIR parts of the canal that were falling apart.
(A) remove (B) fix (C) abandon (D) inspect

- 4 The Grand Canal served as a vital cultural CONDUIT connecting north and south China.
- (A) obstacle (B) boundary (C) channel (D) landmark

D Active Vocabulary Writing · 단어 쓰기

설명에 알맞은 단어를 쓰시오.

- 1 A statue, building, or structure built to honor a notable person or event.

Answer _____

- 2 A distinctive characteristic or feature that identifies a place or dish.

Answer _____

- 3 To improve the physical appearance of a town or park.

Answer _____

- 4 Relating to a specific geographical area or province.

Answer _____

- 5 A thing on which a nation or community relies for survival or trade.

Answer _____

Unit 8 · Epic Engineering · 8A China's Grand Canal

Vocabulary Test 2

총 19문항 · A 뜻 연결 · B 문장 완성 · C 동의어/반의어 · D 단어 쓰기

이름

날짜

점수

/ 19

A Definition Matching · 영영 뜻 연결

왼쪽 단어에 알맞은 영어 뜻을 오른쪽에서 골라 괄호 안에 기호를 쓰시오.

- | | | |
|--------------------|--------------------------|---|
| 1 acquire | ☐ | A To agree to give, allow, or bestow something requested |
| 2 grant | ☐ | B A channel or means of transmitting ideas, goods, or culture |
| 3 conduit | ☐ | C To buy, obtain, or gain possession of something |
| 4 trademark | ☐ | D The degree, length, or boundary over which something extends |
| 5 extent | ☐ | E A distinctive feature or specialty associated with a city |

B Contextual Sentence Completion · 문장 완성

보기에서 알맞은 단어를 골라 빈칸을 완성하십시오. (필요하면 형태를 바꾸시오.)

Word Bank

inspection

beautifying

lifeline

demolished

deteriorated

- By 1127, several sections of the old canal system had severely _____.
- Emperor Qianlong made six _____ tours along the Grand Canal during his reign.
- Many ancient waterfront structures were completely _____ to make room for modern roads.
- Local city officials are investing money into _____ areas along the riverfront.
- For centuries, the waterway acted as a national _____ feeding troops in the north.

C Synonym & Antonym Selection · 동의어 · 반의어

지시에 맞는 단어를 고르시오.

- Which word is CLOSEST in meaning to DEMOLISH in [Paragraph F]?
(A) construct (B) restore (C) decorate (D) tear down
- Which word is OPPOSITE in meaning to DETERIORATE in [Paragraph C]?
(A) decline (B) improve (C) collapse (D) decay
- Which word is CLOSEST in meaning to PROPOSAL in [Paragraph G]?
(A) refusal (B) destruction (C) suggestion (D) measurement

- 4 Which word is CLOSEST in meaning to ACCOMPLISHMENT in [Paragraph G]?
(A) achievement (B) failure (C) origin (D) tradition

D Active Vocabulary & Word Form Writing · 단어 쓰기

설명에 알맞은 단어를 쓰시오.

- 1 Write the noun form of the verb "renovate":

Answer _____

- 2 Write the verb that means "to take or carry goods from one place to another":

Answer _____

- 3 Write the noun that refers to a legally recognized member of a country:

Answer _____

- 4 Write the adjective that describes someone who held a job in the past:

Answer _____

- 5 Write the verb that means "to fix or restore something damaged to a good condition":

Answer _____

Unit 8 · Epic Engineering · 8A China's Grand Canal

Practice Test Set 1

총 25문항 · 객관식 + 서술형 · Reading [China's Grand Canal]

이름	
날짜	
점수	/ 25

다음 물음에 답하십시오.

객관식은 알맞은 답을 고르고, 서술형은 영어로 답을 쓰시오.

- 1 What is the primary focus of Reading [China's Grand Canal]?
 - (A) The technological failure of ancient Chinese agricultural tools
 - (B) The historical evolution, cultural significance, and modern status of the Grand Canal
 - (C) A comparison between the Great Wall of China and the Panama Canal
 - (D) The life and political struggles of Emperor Yang during the Sui Dynasty
- 2 According to [Paragraph B], why did Emperor Yang order the construction of the Grand Canal in 605?
 - (A) To allow foreign merchants to visit Beijing easily
 - (B) To create a defensive barrier against northern invasions
 - (C) To build a recreational lake system for royal inspection tours
 - (D) To transport food quickly from the southern rice-growing region to his northern army
- 3 How many people are estimated to have worked on the initial construction of the canal ([Paragraph B])?
 - (A) An estimated one million people, mostly farmers
 - (B) About ten thousand soldiers
 - (C) Around 500,000 royal engineers
 - (D) Over three million international merchants
- 4 What major development occurred under Kublai Khan in 1279 ([Paragraph C])?
 - (A) He closed the canal permanently to build new highways.
 - (B) He restricted canal travel exclusively to royal government officials.
 - (C) He repaired and built new sections, creating a more direct north-south route to Beijing.
 - (D) He drained the waterway to convert it into agricultural farmland.
- 5 How did Peking duck and Peking opera arrive in Beijing ([Paragraph D])?
 - (A) They were transported from southern regions via the canal system.
 - (B) They were invented in Beijing by local street artists.
 - (C) They were imported from overseas countries by western traders.
 - (D) They were brought across the desert by horse riders.
- 6 According to [Paragraph E], which city is currently the northernmost point reached by the Grand Canal?
 - (A) Hangzhou
 - (B) Beijing
 - (C) Yangzhou
 - (D) Jining

- 7 What problem regarding historic preservation is highlighted in [Paragraph F]?
(A) Water in the canal has completely dried up due to high temperatures.
(B) UNESCO refused to recognize Chinese historical sites.
(C) Ancient canal-side buildings in cities like Yangzhou and Hangzhou have been demolished for modern development.
(D) Tourism along the canal has stopped completely due to pollution.
- 8 What concern did Zhou Xinhua express regarding modern canal cities in [Paragraph F]?
(A) They have become too expensive for tourists to visit.
(B) They have lost their unique local character, becoming "a thousand people with one face."
(C) They lack modern roads and public transportation networks.
(D) They are overflowing with coal barges and cargo ships.
- 9 What milestone occurred for the Grand Canal in 2014 ([Paragraph G])?
(A) It was converted into a private commercial highway.
(B) It was officially granted UNESCO World Heritage status.
(C) Its entire length was paved over with asphalt.
(D) Emperor Qianlong's descendants took over canal management.
- 10 According to the map on page 125, what natural event destroyed parts of the canal by 1855?
(A) A massive earthquake near Mount Tai
(B) Severe droughts drying up the Yangtze River
(C) The Yellow River changing its course
(D) Flooding from the Pacific Ocean
- 11 Which statement best rewrites the following phrase from [Paragraph F]?
"This development comes at a price, though."
(A) There are negative cultural and historical consequences to this modern development.
(B) Modernizing the canal area requires a massive financial investment.
(C) Local real estate prices along the canal have dropped significantly.
(D) Tourism generates huge profits for local waterfront businesses.
- 12 What goods continue to be transported along the canal today ([Paragraph E])?
(A) Only wooden ships and historical replicas
(B) Exclusively silk and porcelain products
(C) No goods are transported because the canal is purely a tourist park
(D) Tons of coal, food, and other commercial goods
- 13 Based on [Paragraph B], how many years did it take to construct the first section of the Grand Canal?

Answer _____

14 According to [Paragraph C], what happened to parts of the canal by the year 1127?

Answer _____

15 According to [Paragraph G], who co-wrote the 2005 proposal to make the Grand Canal a UNESCO World Heritage Site?

Answer _____

16 Based on page 127 Skill Box, which compound word in [Paragraph C] means "something that provides help or support needed for survival"?

- (A) waterway
- (B) lifeline
- (C) man-made
- (D) trademark

17 Based on page 127 Skill Box, which of the following is a hyphenated compound word used in [Paragraph A]?

- (A) man-made
- (B) waterway
- (C) real estate
- (D) trademark

18 State TWO ancient cities along the Grand Canal mentioned in [Paragraph F] where older canal-side buildings were torn down.

Answer _____

19 "For centuries, the power of Chinese emperors rose and fell with their control of the Grand _____."

- (A) Monument
- (B) Proposal
- (C) Highway
- (D) Canal

20 "Boats continue to carry tons of coal and food along China's watery _____."

- (A) trademark
- (B) lifeline
- (C) highway
- (D) conduit

21 Which word means "to pull down or completely destroy a building"?

- (A) acquire
- (B) renovate
- (C) repair
- (D) demolish

22 Which word means "a channel or means of transmitting ideas or goods from one place to another"?

- (A) citizen
- (B) proposal
- (C) conduit
- (D) extent

23 Complete the sentence using the correct noun form of the verb [RENOVATE].

"In 1279, Kublai Khan started a major _____ that created a direct north-south route."

Answer _____

24 Complete the sentence using the correct vocabulary word (**acquired**, **deteriorated**, or **beautified**).

"Over the centuries, untreated sections of the ancient waterway severely _____."

Answer _____

25 Complete the sentence using the correct vocabulary word (**citizens**, **monuments**, or **proposals**).

"In 2005, a group of concerned _____ submitted a proposal to protect the Grand Canal."

Answer _____

Unit 8 · Epic Engineering · 8A China's Grand Canal

Practice Test Set 2

총 25문항 · 객관식 + 서술형 · Reading [China's Grand Canal]

이름	
날짜	
점수	/ 25

다음 물음에 답하십시오.

객관식은 알맞은 답을 고르고, 서술형은 영어로 답을 쓰시오.

- 1 What structural distinction does the Grand Canal hold today ([Paragraph A])?
 - (A) It is the longest man-made river in the world.
 - (B) It is the deepest ocean trench in Asia.
 - (C) It is the newest water transit system in China.
 - (D) It is the widest natural river in the Northern Hemisphere.
- 2 What existing features were connected to build the first section of the Grand Canal ([Paragraph B])?
 - (A) High-speed railway lines and stone highways
 - (B) Mountain tunnels and underground pipelines
 - (C) Ocean bays and coastal harbors
 - (D) Existing canals, lakes, and rivers
- 3 Why was moving food from south to north crucial for Emperor Yang ([Paragraph B])?
 - (A) Southern China suffered from severe food shortages.
 - (B) He needed an efficient way to feed his army stationed in the north.
 - (C) Northern farmers refused to grow wheat and corn.
 - (D) He wanted to export rice to foreign nations via northern ports.
- 4 According to [Paragraph D], what role did soldiers, merchants, and artists play along the canal?
 - (A) They transported ideas, regional foods, and cultural practices across China.
 - (B) They defended the canal against foreign warships.
 - (C) They demolished ancient buildings to build modern factories.
 - (D) They collected taxes from farmers in northern cities.
- 5 Which province did Peking duck originally come from ([Paragraph D])?
 - (A) Anhui Province
 - (B) Shandong Province
 - (C) Hubei Province
 - (D) Jiangsu Province
- 6 According to [Paragraph E], why are local governments beautifying areas along the Grand Canal today?
 - (A) To prepare for military boat races
 - (B) To prevent cargo ships from using the waterway
 - (C) To build underground nuclear power plants
 - (D) To increase tourism and real estate development

- 7 In [Paragraph F], what does Zhou Xinhua mean by the phrase "a thousand people with one face"?
- (A) All citizens in canal cities wear identical traditional masks during festivals.
 - (B) Population growth has forced a thousand people to live in a single building.
 - (C) Cities along the canal have all adopted identical modern appearances, losing their unique heritage.
 - (D) Portrait painters along the canal paint every person using the same artistic style.
- 8 What was the main goal of the 2005 proposal submitted by Zhu Bingren and other citizens ([Paragraph G])?
- (A) To gain UNESCO World Heritage status to protect the waterway and its surrounding architecture
 - (B) To drain the canal and build a high-speed train route
 - (C) To ban all commercial shipping barges from entering Hangzhou
 - (D) To charge high toll fees to local fishermen
- 9 According to the map caption on page 125, what was the length of the Grand Canal during its golden age (1368–1855)?
- (A) 605 kilometers
 - (B) 1,200 kilometers
 - (C) 1,770 kilometers
 - (D) 3,500 kilometers
- 10 Who was Emperor Qianlong mentioned on page 125 map caption?
- (A) The emperor who ordered the first construction in 605
 - (B) The ruler who made six inspection tours of the canal starting in 1751
 - (C) The Mongol leader who repaired the canal in 1279
 - (D) The artist who wrote the UNESCO proposal in 2005
- 11 Which statement best summarizes [Paragraph A]?
- (A) The Grand Canal is a forgotten historical relic with no modern economic value.
 - (B) Chinese emperors lost their power because they spent too much money maintaining canals.
 - (C) Despite being shorter than before, the Grand Canal remains a vital cultural and economic link for China.
 - (D) Natural rivers are more important for trade in China than artificial waterways.
- 12 What was the origin of Peking opera according to [Paragraph D]?
- (A) Shandong Province
 - (B) Beijing city center
 - (C) Hangzhou waterfront
 - (D) Anhui and Hubei regions
- 13 According to [Paragraph B], in what year did construction of the original Grand Canal system begin?

Answer _____

- 14** According to [Paragraph C], in what year did Kublai Khan begin repairing and expanding the canal?

Answer _____

- 15** According to [Paragraph G], what hope is expressed for the future of the Grand Canal?

Answer _____

- 16** Based on page 127 Skill Box, which compound word in [Paragraph D] means "special features that a person or place is known for"?

- (A) trademark
- (B) lifeline
- (C) waterway
- (D) real estate

- 17** Based on page 127 Skill Box, which compound word in [Paragraph E] refers to "property in the form of land and buildings"?

- (A) trademark
- (B) real estate
- (C) waterfront
- (D) background

- 18** State TWO items that were transported on the canal during its golden age according to page 125 map caption.

Answer _____

- 19** "The Grand Canal continues to provide a vital cultural and economic _____ for modern China."

- (A) proposal
- (B) monument
- (C) inspection
- (D) link

- 20** "In Hangzhou, almost all of the ancient waterfront buildings have been _____."

- (A) granted
- (B) repaired
- (C) demolished
- (D) acquired

- 21** Which word means "having previously filled a particular role or position"?

- (A) regional
- (B) finite
- (C) former
- (D) current

- 22 Which word means "statue or building erected to commemorate a notable person or event"?
- (A) conduit
 - (B) monument
 - (C) citizen
 - (D) trademark

- 23 Complete the sentence using the correct verb form of the noun [ACCOMPLISHMENT].

"Engineers hope to _____ the full restoration of the historic riverbank by next year."

Answer _____

- 24 Complete the sentence using the correct vocabulary word (**granted**, **repaired**, or **demolished**).

"Engineers _____ old locks and built new sections to connect Beijing with southern provinces."

Answer _____

- 25 Complete the sentence using the correct vocabulary word (**regional**, **former**, or **vital**).

"Merchants transported _____ foods like rice and spices to distant northern markets."

Answer _____

Unit 8 · Epic Engineering · 8B Highway Dreams

Word Study Guide · 20 Words

단어 · 품사 · 우리말 뜻 · 영영 뜻 · 외운 단어는 □에 체크하세요

Word	품사	뜻	English Definition	✓
1 accessible	adj.	접근하기 쉬운, 이용 가능한	Able to be reached or entered; easy to obtain or use.	☐
2 border	n. / v.	국경, 경계 / 접하다	A line separating two political or geographical areas.	☐
3 dense	adj.	빽빽한, 밀집한	Closely compacted in substance; containing a lot of matter or people in a small area.	☐
4 enormous	adj.	거대한, 엄청난	Very large in size, quantity, or extent; huge.	☐
5 illustrate	v.	분명히 보여주다, 설명하다	To serve as an example of; to clarify by using examples or pictures.	☐
6 impact	n. / v.	영향, 충격 / 영향을 주다	The action of one object coming forcibly into contact with another; a marked effect or influence.	☐
7 occur	v.	일어나다, 발생하다	To happen; to take place or exist in a specified place or set of circumstances.	☐
8 partially	adv.	부분적으로	Only in part; to a limited degree; not completely.	☐
9 practical	adj.	실용적인, 현실적인	Of or concerned with the actual doing and use of something rather than theory.	☐
10 ruin	v. / n.	망치다, 파괴하다 / 폐허	To reduce a state or thing to a state of decay, collapse, or destruction.	☐
11 biodiversity	n.	생물 다양성	The variety of plant and animal life in a particular habitat or in the world.	☐
12 pristine	adj.	오염되지 않은, 자연 그대로의	In its original condition; unspoiled and clean.	☐
13 deforestation	n.	산림 파괴	The action of clearing a wide area of trees.	☐
14 rural	adj.	시골의, 지방의	Relating to, or characteristic of the countryside rather than the town or city.	☐
15 feat	n.	위업, 뛰어난 업적	An achievement that requires great courage, skill, or strength.	☐
16 span	v. / n.	가로지르다, 걸치다 / 기간	To extend across or over a distance or period of time.	☐
17 lumber	n.	목재	Timber cut into boards or logs prepared for building.	☐
18 profit	n.	이익, 수익	Financial gain, especially the difference between the amount earned and the amount spent.	☐
19 poverty	n.	가난, 빈곤	The state of being extremely poor.	☐
20 unpaved	adj.	포장되지 않은	Not covered with a firm, hard surface like asphalt or concrete.	☐

Unit 8 · Epic Engineering · 8B Highway Dreams

Vocabulary Test 1

총 19문항 · A 뜻 연결 · B 문장 완성 · C 동의어/반의어 · D 단어 쓰기

이름

날짜

점수

/ 19

A Definition Matching · 영영 뜻 연결

왼쪽 단어에 알맞은 영어 뜻을 오른쪽에서 골라 괄호 안에 기호를 쓰시오.

- | | | |
|-----------------|----------------------|---|
| 1 pristine | <input type="text"/> | A Very large in size, quantity, or extent |
| 2 biodiversity | <input type="text"/> | B The destruction or clearing of all trees in an area |
| 3 deforestation | <input type="text"/> | C In its original, clean, and unspoiled condition |
| 4 enormous | <input type="text"/> | D Relating to the countryside rather than cities |
| 5 rural | <input type="text"/> | E The variety of plant and animal life in a habitat |

B Contextual Sentence Completion · 문장 완성

보기에서 알맞은 단어를 골라 빈칸을 완성하십시오. (필요하면 형태를 바꾸시오.)

Word Bank (accessible) (impact) (border) (ruin) (practical)

- The new Transoceanic Highway connects Peru directly with the Brazilian _____.
- Building major roads through rain forests can severely _____ pristine ecosystems.
- Heavy deforestation is having a negative _____ on local Amazonian communities.
- The highway opened up isolated areas of the Amazon that were not _____ before.
- Given high poverty levels in rural areas, building roads provides a _____ economic solution.

C Synonym Identification · 동의어 · 반의어

대문자로 쓰인 단어와 뜻이 가장 가까운 것을 고르시오.

- Mary Luz Guerra traveled along narrow, PARTIALLY dirt mountain roads.
(A) completely (B) paved (C) dangerous (D) fractionally
- Studies show that deforestation OCCURS frequently within 50 kilometers of highways.
(A) stops (B) happens (C) declines (D) prevents

- 3 The Transoceanic Highway was celebrated as one of South America's greatest engineering FEATS.
(A) failures (B) accidents (C) achievements (D) experiments
- 4 Companies transport cut LUMBER by ship from Pacific ports to overseas markets.
(A) wood (B) metal (C) coal (D) crop

D Active Vocabulary Writing · 단어 쓰기

설명에 알맞은 단어를 쓰시오.

- 1 The state of being extremely poor without sufficient money.

Answer _____

- 2 Financial gain or money made from business transactions.

Answer _____

- 3 Not covered with asphalt, concrete, or paved surfaces.

Answer _____

- 4 To extend across or cover a distance of several kilometers.

Answer _____

- 5 To serve as a clear example or demonstration of something.

Answer _____

Unit 8 · Epic Engineering · 8B Highway Dreams

Vocabulary Test 2

총 19문항 · A 뜻 연결 · B 문장 완성 · C 동의어/반의어 · D 단어 쓰기

이름

날짜

점수

/ 19

A English Definition Matching · 영영 뜻 연결

왼쪽 단어에 알맞은 영어 뜻을 오른쪽에서 골라 괄호 안에 기호를 쓰시오.

- | | | |
|------------------|--------------------------|---|
| 1 feat | ☐ | A Timber cut into boards prepared for construction |
| 2 span | ☐ | B An achievement that requires great skill, courage, or strength |
| 3 lumber | ☐ | C Financial gain; the difference between earnings and expenses |
| 4 profit | ☐ | D To extend across or cover a specified distance |
| 5 poverty | ☐ | E The state of lacking sufficient money or resources |

B Contextual Sentence Completion · 문장 완성

보기에서 알맞은 단어를 골라 빈칸을 완성하십시오. (필요하면 형태를 바꾸시오.)

Word Bank

- Mary's story _____ how long and difficult travel used to be in rural Peru.
- Traveling through the _____ Amazon jungle used to take three full days by truck.
- Before the road was built, large parts of the Madre de Dios forest remained in _____ condition.
- Over 95 percent of rain forest destruction _____ near newly constructed highways.
- In the past, trucks had to navigate narrow, _____ mountain paths during rainy seasons.

C Synonym & Antonym Selection · 동의어 · 반의어

지시에 맞는 단어를 고르시오.

- Which word is CLOSEST in meaning to ENORMOUS in [Paragraph E]?
(A) huge (B) tiny (C) average (D) weak
- Which word is OPPOSITE in meaning to RURAL in [Paragraph I]?
(A) countryside (B) urban (C) agricultural (D) isolated
- Which word is CLOSEST in meaning to DENSE in [Paragraph B]?
(A) thin (B) open (C) thick (D) empty

- 4 Which word is OPPOSITE in meaning to PRISTINE in [Paragraph G]?
(A) clean (B) original (C) natural (D) ruined

D Active Vocabulary & Word Form Writing · 단어 쓰기

설명에 알맞은 단어를 쓰시오.

- 1 Write the noun form of the verb "illustrate":

Answer _____

- 2 Write the adjective form of the noun "nature":

Answer _____

- 3 Write the noun that refers to the destruction of forests by cutting down trees:

Answer _____

- 4 Write the adjective that means "able to be reached or entered easily":

Answer _____

- 5 Write the verb that means "to reduce something to a state of decay or destruction":

Answer _____

Unit 8 · Epic Engineering · 8B Highway Dreams

Practice Test Set 1

총 25문항 · 객관식 + 서술형 · Reading [Highway Dreams]

이름	
날짜	
점수	/ 25

다음 물음에 답하십시오.

객관식은 알맞은 답을 고르고, 서술형은 영어로 답을 쓰시오.

- 1 What is the main topic of Reading [Highway Dreams]?
 - (A) The political conflicts between Peruvian and Brazilian governments
 - (B) The potential economic benefits and environmental risks of the Transoceanic Highway
 - (C) The technological history of airplane travel across the Andes Mountains
 - (D) Methods for gold mining and soybean farming in the Amazon rain forest
- 2 How long did Mary Luz Guerra's 2003 truck journey from Cusco to Puerto Maldonado take ([Paragraph B])?
 - (A) 37 minutes
 - (B) Three hours
 - (C) Three days
 - (D) Ten years
- 3 What is the total length of the Transoceanic Highway east-west passageway ([Paragraph C])?
 - (A) 320 kilometers
 - (B) 500 kilometers
 - (C) 2,600 kilometers
 - (D) 10,000 kilometers
- 4 According to [Paragraph C], which two oceans are connected via the highway network through Peru and Brazil?
 - (A) Pacific Ocean and Atlantic Ocean
 - (B) Pacific Ocean and Indian Ocean
 - (C) Atlantic Ocean and Arctic Ocean
 - (D) Indian Ocean and Southern Ocean
- 5 How has travel between Cusco and Puerto Maldonado changed since the highway opened ([Paragraph D])?
 - (A) Travel costs have quadrupled, making it unaffordable for locals.
 - (B) Trucks are now banned from using the mountain pass.
 - (C) Travelers are forced to travel exclusively by plane.
 - (D) Travel time has decreased from days to just a few hours, and safety has improved.

- 6** Why is there enormous demand for Brazilian and Peruvian products according to [Paragraph E]?
- (A) Because European markets stopped buying timber from South America.
 - (B) Because local Peruvians refuse to consume home-grown food.
 - (C) Because gold prices dropped to zero worldwide.
 - (D) Because North America and Asia have huge demand for soybeans, beef, gold, and wood.
- 7** How does the highway benefit wood-exporting companies in Cusco and Puerto Maldonado ([Paragraph E])?
- (A) It allows wood to reach Pacific ports in days instead of a week or more, lowering costs and increasing profits.
 - (B) It converts cut lumber directly into paper onboard shipping barges.
 - (C) It forces companies to sell wood exclusively inside rural villages.
 - (D) It provides free gasoline for all lumber trucks crossing the border.
- 8** According to [Paragraph G], why are environmentalists worried about the state of Madre de Dios?
- (A) It is a desert area with no living plants or animals.
 - (B) It possesses the greatest biodiversity on Earth, and incoming settlers threaten native species.
 - (C) Its government plans to build nuclear power plants along every river.
 - (D) The state lacks water resources to support gold mining operations.
- 9** What activity increased in Puerto Maldonado shortly after the highway opened ([Paragraph H])?
- (A) Gold mining
 - (B) Ski resort building
 - (C) Wind turbine construction
 - (D) Canal dredging
- 10** What statistic regarding Brazilian Amazon deforestation is cited by Gabby Salazar in [Paragraph H]?
- (A) 10 percent occurs near coastal harbors.
 - (B) 50 percent occurs inside national parks.
 - (C) 95 percent of deforestation occurs within 50 kilometers of a highway.
 - (D) 100 percent occurs in high-altitude mountain peaks.
- 11** Why do many Peruvians emphasize the importance of being practical regarding the highway ([Paragraph I])?
- (A) Because environmentalists paid locals to oppose road construction.
 - (B) Because rural Peru suffers from high poverty, making economic development through roads essential.
 - (C) Because building roads in the rain forest costs zero money.
 - (D) Because everyone in rural Peru owns private airplanes.

- 12** What does environmentalist Roger Mustalish state about building roads through rain forests ([Paragraph I])?
- (A) "Highways never cause any changes to surrounding natural ecosystems."
 - (B) "All rural poverty disappears immediately after asphalt is laid down."
 - (C) "Deforestation is completely impossible near paved highways."
 - (D) "Every time you see a road like this going through, you soon see major changes."
- 13** Based on [Paragraph B], how long would the 320-kilometer journey from Cusco to Puerto Maldonado take by plane?
- Answer _____
- 14** According to [Paragraph C], in what year did construction on the Transoceanic Highway network begin, and when was it completed?
- Answer _____
- 15** According to [Paragraph H], what major agricultural crop is grown all over the place right across the border in Brazil?
- Answer _____
- 16** Based on page 131 Footnote 3, what term refers to "the existence of a wide variety of living things in a certain place"?
- (A) Deforestation
 - (B) Real estate
 - (C) Biodiversity
 - (D) Orientation
- 17** Based on page 131 Footnote 4, what word describes something that is "in its original condition or unspoiled"?
- (A) Rural
 - (B) Unpaved
 - (C) Accessible
 - (D) Pristine
- 18** State TWO South American countries connected by the Transoceanic Highway according to [Paragraph C].
- Answer _____
- 19** "The new passageway stretches 2,600 kilometers across the Andes Mountains and Amazon rain _____."
- (A) forest
 - (B) highway
 - (C) canal
 - (D) city

20 "Thanks to the highway, timber reaches Pacific ports faster, resulting in higher _____ for owners."

- (A) poverty
- (B) profit
- (C) impact
- (D) ruin

21 Which word means "closely compacted in substance or containing a lot of trees/plants"?

- (A) dense
- (B) rural
- (C) pristine
- (D) partial

22 Which word means "able to be reached or entered easily"?

- (A) unpaved
- (B) accessible
- (C) dense
- (D) enormous

23 Complete the sentence using the correct noun form of the verb [ILLUSTRATE].

"Mary's long trip serves as a clear _____ of the transportation difficulties in rural Peru."

Answer _____

24 Complete the sentence using the correct vocabulary word (**pristine**, **unpaved**, or **enormous**).

"In the past, truck drivers had to navigate narrow, _____ dirt roads across mountain ranges."

Answer _____

25 Complete the sentence using the correct vocabulary word (**border**, **poverty**, or **ruin**).

"In rural Peru, many families live in _____, which makes job creation a top priority."

Answer _____

Unit 8 · Epic Engineering · 8B Highway Dreams

Practice Test Set 2

총 25문항 · 객관식 + 서술형 · Reading [Highway Dreams]

이름	
날짜	
점수	/ 25

다음 물음에 답하십시오.

객관식은 알맞은 답을 고르고, 서술형은 영어로 답을 쓰시오.

- 1 What subtitle or contrast is highlighted in [Paragraph A] of Reading
- (A) Gold mining is more profitable than soybean farming.
- (B) Airplane travel is cheaper than building mountain bridges.
- (C) A new road connecting oceans could bring riches and environmental ruin.
- (D) Peru has fewer trees than Brazil.

Highway Dreams]?

- 2 In [Paragraph C], when did the Transoceanic Highway open to public vehicles for the first time?
- (A) 1950
- (B) 2003
- (C) 2006
- (D) Early 2012
- 3 What geographical barriers does the 2,600-kilometer highway cross in Peru before entering Brazil ([Paragraph C])?
- (A) The Andes Mountains and a large part of the Amazon rain forest
- (B) The Atacama Desert and coastal glaciers
- (C) The Grand Canal and the Yellow River
- (D) The Swiss Alps and European river systems
- 4 Why was travel between Cusco and Puerto Maldonado dangerous in the past ([Paragraph D])?
- (A) Rivers were completely frozen throughout the year.
- (B) Drivers had to use narrow, partially unpaved mountain roads.
- (C) Bandits controlled all paved highways across Peru.
- (D) Tsunami waves regularly flooded mountain passes.
- 5 According to [Paragraph E], what goods are exported from Peru and Brazil to North America and Asia?
- (A) Coal, wheat, and textiles
- (B) Soybeans, beef, gold, and wood
- (C) Solar panels and wind turbines
- (D) Driverless trains and glass elevators

- 6 How does opening up previously inaccessible Amazon areas affect local Peruvians ([Paragraph F])?
- (A) It causes all cities to lose electric power.
 - (B) It forces everyone to move into high-rise city towers.
 - (C) It gives people new places to live and travel, creating new jobs and income.
 - (D) It stops all farming and mining activities.
- 7 What condition were large parts of the Madre de Dios forest in until recently ([Paragraph G])?
- (A) Heavily polluted by industrial chemical plants
 - (B) Completely destroyed by soybean farms
 - (C) Paved over with asphalt highways
 - (D) Pristine condition with incredible biodiversity
- 8 What concern does photographer Gabby Salazar express regarding Peruvian forests near the highway ([Paragraph H])?
- (A) She fears that the same heavy deforestation seen in Brazil will occur in Peru.
 - (B) She worries that gold prices will crash in global markets.
 - (C) She claims that soybean farms improve rain forest biodiversity.
 - (D) She argues that roads prevent farmers from cutting down trees.
- 9 According to [Paragraph I], what makes it difficult for environmentalists to convince locals not to build roads?
- (A) High levels of rural poverty mean locals desperately need economic opportunities.
 - (B) Local government officials banned environmental organizations from Peru.
 - (C) Rain forest trees die naturally without paved roads.
 - (D) Gold miners own all land in Madre de Dios.
- 10 What conclusion does the author reach at the end of [Paragraph I]?
- (A) The highway was a complete economic failure for Peru.
 - (B) The Peruvian government decided to demolish the Transoceanic Highway.
 - (C) Brazil closed its border highways permanently.
 - (D) Many Peruvians are hopeful about positive changes, but only time will tell if benefits outweigh risks.
- 11 Which statement best rewrites the following sentence from [Paragraph E]?
- "In the long run, say many business owners, this will mean more profit."
- (A) Business owners expect to lose money over time.
 - (B) Eventually, faster transport and lower costs will result in greater financial gain.
 - (C) Long-distance trucking is too expensive to produce profits.
 - (D) Shipping goods by sea takes longer than highway travel.
- 12 According to the map on page 131, which city serves as the state capital of Madre de Dios in Peru?
- (A) Lima
 - (B) Cusco
 - (C) Puerto Maldonado
 - (D) Rio de Janeiro

- 13** According to [Paragraph C], political leaders in Peru had dreamed of constructing the Transoceanic Highway since which decade?

Answer _____

- 14** According to [Paragraph E], how long could it take for wood to reach the Pacific Ocean in the past before the highway was built?

Answer _____

- 15** According to [Paragraph G], which Peruvian state contains forested mountain areas with the greatest biodiversity on Earth?

Answer _____

- 16** Based on page 131 Footnote 5, what word refers to "the destruction or cutting down of all the trees in an area"?

- (A) Biodiversity
- (B) Poverty
- (C) Deforestation
- (D) Insulation

- 17** Based on page 131 Footnote 6, what word describes places that are "in the country, far away from cities"?

- (A) Urban
- (B) Rural
- (C) Pristine
- (D) Accessible

- 18** State TWO products exported to North America and Asia mentioned in [Paragraph E].

Answer _____

- 19** "The 2,600-kilometer Transoceanic Highway has been celebrated as an engineering _____."

- (A) feat
- (B) proposal
- (C) ruin
- (D) footprint

- 20** "Mining and farming activities are having a major _____ on both the environment and local people."

- (A) span
- (B) trademark
- (C) regulation
- (D) impact

21 Which word means "very large in size, quantity, or extent"?

- (A) rural
- (B) partial
- (C) pristine
- (D) enormous

22 Which word means "to happen or take place in a specified setting"?

- (A) span
- (B) occur
- (C) ruin
- (D) illustrate

23 Complete the sentence using the correct adjective form of the noun [PRACTICE].

"Building a highway provides a _____ economic benefit to poor rural communities."

Answer _____

24 Complete the sentence using the correct vocabulary word (**accessible**, **pristine**, or **dense**).

"The highway made remote areas of the rain forest easily _____ to settlers and miners."

Answer _____

25 Complete the sentence using the correct vocabulary word (**ruin**, **profit**, or **span**).

"Environmentalists fear that unchecked deforestation will _____ the Amazon's unique ecosystem."

Answer _____